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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/821,469	04/08/2004	Matthias Mrosik	10191/3605	1079
26646 KENYON & K	7590 08/16/200 ENYON LLP	EXAMINER		
ONE BROADWAY			KIRKLAND III, FREDDIE	
NEW YORK, NY 10004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2855	
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			08/16/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	I A ti At At	T A multiple and (a)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/821,469	MROSIK ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Freddie Kirkland III	2855				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8/2/2	<u> 2007</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	S) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	, (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	Pate				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal I	atent Application				

### NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1,2,6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Seekircher et al. U.S. Patent 5,811,671.

With respect to claims 1 and 8, the Seekircher et al. reference teaches a method for testing a fuel metering system comprising: checking injector contacts by a single, integrated control unit during an initialization phase prior to starting up the fuel metering system (col. 6 lines 9-25, voltages are applied to the injection valves by the control unit then a sensed magnetic field is read by the control unit to confirm that the injection valve is connected correctly); driving injectors by the single, integrated control unit for testing (col. 4 lines 13-16, engine control unit being part of engine 1 generates the control signals for actuating the injection valves 2a and 2b); evaluating by the single, integrated control unit at least one of (a) current values and (b) voltage values to detect errors (col. 6 lines 9-25, magnetic fields, which is generated by current, are generated by the solenoids on the injection valves are used by the control unit to confirm a proper connection between a injection valve and control unit); and controlling a fuel metering by the single, integrated control unit during operation, wherein only the control unit

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performs the checking, driving, evaluating, and controlling steps, wherein no other control unit performs the steps of checking, driving, evaluation, and controlling (the col. 4 lines 13-16, the engine control unit and testing control unit are being interpreted as being one control unit because the claim does not specify that the control unit being one processor, therefore in the normal engine operation, an engine control unit being part of engine 1 generates the control signals for actuating the injection valves 2a and 2b).

With respect to claim 2, the reference teaches carrying out a test once prior to startup, prior to a first startup (col. 6 lines 9-25, voltages are applied to the injection valves by the control unit then a sensed magnetic field is read by the control unit to confirm that the injection valve is connected correctly, this test is ran prior before every startup).

With respect to claim 6, the reference teaches detecting of errors includes a check for at least one of a short-circuit, an interruption and a polarity reversal of lines (col. 2 lines 45-52, testing of the electrical connection of the injection valves including whether the injection valves are connected correctly).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said

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subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seekircher et al U.S. Patent 5,811,671 in view of Hemmerlein et al. 6,293,251 B1.

With respect to claim 3, the Seekircher et al. fails to teach carrying out a test when a speed variable is less than a threshold value.

Hemmerlein et al. teaches an apparatus and method for diagnosing erratic pressure sensor operation in a fuel system of an internal combustion engine comprising a reference speed calculation block 94 that is responsive to the fueling request value to determine a speed indicative of a desired engine speed. The reference speed is then provided to an engine speed control loop that produces a fuel command value based on the reference speed and the actual engine speed (col.5 lines 4-11).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was to have used the method taught by Hemmerlein et al. in the method of Seekircher et al. in order to detect faults in the fuel system.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seekircher et al U.S. Patent 5,811,671 in view of Pauli et al U.S. Patent 5,633,458.

With respect to claim 4, Seekircher fails to teach carrying out a test when a rail pressure variable is less than a threshold value.

Pauli et al. teaches an on board fuel delivery diagnostic system that records that pressure in the fuel system at the end of a injector actuation then this pressure is compared to with an acceptable pressure data stored in memory. If the pressure is within the range then the controller determines the injector is functioning properly.

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Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the method taught by Pauli et al. in the method of Seekircher et al. in order to detect faults in the fuel system and determine if the injector is functioning properly.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seekircher et al U.S. Patent 5,811,671 in view of Weiland U.S. Patent 6,754,604 B2.

With respect to claim 5, Seekircher fails to teach carrying out a test when a voltage variable is greater than a threshold value.

Weiland teaches a method and apparatus for diagnosing fuel injectors that identifies sample voltage signals from fuel injectors then compares these signals with threshold values (col. 6 lines 41-47).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the method taught by Weiland in the method of Seekircher et al. in order to easily and conveniently determine the operation of the fuel injectors (col. 1 lines 47-48).

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seekircher et al U.S. Patent 5,811,671 in view of Di Leo et al. U.S. Patent 6,085,142.

With respect to claim 7, Seekircher et al. fail to teach during a test, connecting the control unit to a diagnostic tester via which at least one of (a) the test is started and (b) results of the test are at least one of read-out and displayed.

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Di Leo et al. teaches a method for fuel a injection system where the control unit ECU also has a diagnostic socket PD enabling it to be connected to external processing devices (col. 4 lines 54-57).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the method taught by Di Leo et al in the method of Seekircher in order to make diagnosis of the fuel metering system easier.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8/2/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicants amendments and arguments have failed to place the application in condition for allowance. The applicant argues that Seekircher fail to teach a single, integrated control unit for testing and driving the injectors. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The control units, engine control unit (col. 4 lines 12-16) and testing control unit (11) are connected therefore they are integrated and the examiner is interpreting them to be one single unit. As an example, a simple home desktop computer has many processors inside but the desktop computer is still interpreted as one unit because all the processors are integrated inside of the computer. The examiner is interpreted Seekircher in a similar manner.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Freddie Kirkland III whose telephone number is 571-

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272-2232. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Lefkowitz can be reached on (571) 272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

FKIII 8/12/07

> NCMAEL CYCAN PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER